Interactive comment on “Approach for combining faults and area sources in seismic hazard assessment: Application in southeastern Spain” by Alicia Rivas-Medina et al.

Anonymous Referee #2

Received and published: 8 April 2018

This paper is interesting and covers an important topic of interest to NHESS readers. However, there are several significant weaknesses in the paper, which I estimate will require *major revisions* to address.

Although the major revisions may involve considerable work from the authors, I do think it should be possible to revise the paper to meet the standards of NHESS publication.
Before going into detail below, I note some 'overall' problematic aspects of the current draft:

- Poor referencing. The paper contains no references in the Introduction, despite discussing other work. Other areas also need more references (e.g. often non-obvious 'facts' are stated, without information on where they come from). I note a number of examples below, but not all – in general, the authors need to be more rigorous about justifying statements with references.

- There is insufficient explanation of the earthquake catalogue analysis methods (i.e. the discussion on page 3 in the paragraph around line 20 needs to be expanded).

- A number of statements in the paper are unclear or lacking in rigor (details below).

- I think there is a (fixable) logical flaw in the method. The authors are assuming (equations 8 and 9)

1: region_seismicity = zone_seismicity + fault_seismicity;

and furthermore, at various points in the analysis they assume (equations 10 and 4):

2: all of these seismicity sources can individually be represented with GR curves;

The combination of (1) and (2) would be fine *if* all the seismicity sources have the same 'b-value', but the authors suggest different 'b-values' on fault vs region/zone. Mathematically, I don’t think (1) holds under this assumption (i.e. you can’t sum 2 GR curves with different b values and expect to get another GR curve). I have suggested a possible fix below, which looks like it may be reasonable based on the data in the paper – but I can’t be sure. Anyway, the authors should address this somehow.

On the other hand, I expect these issues can be addressed. Furthermore I note there are good points to the paper: it treats an important topic, provides a good application of the methods (which I found much easier to read than the methods description itself), and includes a reasonable attempt to quantify the uncertainties (Section 2.4).
# Specific Comments

- The Introduction does not contain any citations of other work. However, there is repeated mention of 'other studies' {e.g. p1 Line 25; p1 Line 27; p2 Line 3; p2, Line 22; p2, Line28 ... and many other instances, I will not list them all}. Throughout this section, the authors need to provide references to justify their descriptions of other work (even when they refer to general issues that are not specific to a particular study).

- P 3, Line 15: ** Magnitudes values above MMaxC present recurrence periods higher than the catalog OP or constitute a sample an insufficient number of records to apply statistics. ** – This statement needs to be rephrased to correct the grammar. More importantly I think it is factually incorrect.

For illustration, suppose we have a catalogue of 100 years duration, and this catalogue contains zero events with Mw>=X. Then I claim that we **can apply statistics** to place bounds on the rate of events with Mw>=X, and furthermore, that **the return period of such events MIGHT be less than the observational period**. Both of these points contradict the author's statement. For example, with zero events in 100 years, an exact Poisson test of the true rate of events with Mw>=x (e.g. poisson.test(x=0,T=100) in the R software) gives a 95% confidence interval on the true rate of [0, 0.037] events/year. So the return period is probably greater than around 1/0.037=27 years. This makes sense – if the return period were very small then it is likely an event would occur in the data. Furthermore, it is obviously possible that the return period is < 100 years (we don’t get a '100 year event' in every hundred year observational period).

I think the authors probably want to say that it is increasingly difficult to constrain rates of rarer events – that’s correct - but the authors need to weaken the statement accordingly.
- P 3, lines 17-18: The authors should explain the 'Stepp (1972)' approach to estimating the reference years for different return periods. Although Figure 2 is related to this, I cannot understand the method from the figure.

- P3, Lines 19-20: **Then, it is possible to estimate ...** – the authors should explain how they do this estimation. There could be a range of methods (depending on the extent to which one makes parametric assumptions, like that the data-generating process has a GR distribution).

- P 3, Line 24: **This way we avoid miscalculation problems ...**. I think this statement is too simplistic, and should be rewritten. In reality, errors in the estimated rates may be quite significant even for events with true return period significantly less than the catalogue duration. There are statistical methods for quantifying such uncertainties in different contexts.

For example, for individual rates one might assume a Poisson process and estimate confidence intervals as I suggested in an earlier comment. Or for a full magnitude-frequency distribution, one might estimate uncertainty in the rates for any magnitude by assuming a GR distribution, and using maximum likelihood with profile likelihood confidence intervals - or using Bayesian techniques, etc. If the authors google-search 'Gutenberg Richter maximum likelihood estimation' they will find many related references.

- P 4, Section 2.2: It's not clear to me whether the authors assume there is only 1 fault per region (this is how the math appears, and consistent with the use of the word 'fault' rather than 'faults' in most places), or if there are multiple faults and GR curves which are summed over (that would seem sensible, but no summation is mentioned), or if there are multiple faults which are all treated with a single GR model (but there is no summation mentioned in equation 3, and the word 'fault' is mostly used, rather than 'faults'). This needs to be made much clearer to the reader, with 'summations over faults' included in the equations as appropriate. Table 4 makes me think it is 'multiple
faults with single GR model’, but it is far from clear.

- P 4, line 12: It is unclear how ‘v’ is estimated (I suppose from other geophysical studies? Or paleo work?). Please provide references. Also, how do you choose the shear modulus? References.

- P 4, line 16: Note that ‘m=0’ is not the lowest value of m. Maybe just say ‘from very low up to the maximum ...’.

- P 4, line 26: Related to the above comment, you might make the lower summation index in the first right-hand-side term be “negative infinity” rather than zero. Also, I think you don’t model earthquakes with m < M_min later in the paper? If so, I suggest mentioning that here. Indeed you might re-write this part to avoid mention of events below M_min, perhaps it is just confusing?

- P 4, line 22: I’m not sure if you have defined the $\overline{d}$ variable. Also I don’t understand the notation "Mo|" in the numerator (what is the bar? what is Mo? Should it be for faults only?)

- P 5, line 9: Here, I think you should remind the reader that the ’region’ parameters are assumed known, based on Equations 1 and 2.

- P 5, line 14: **Note that the b-value of the zone appears in this equation can be equaled to the b-value of the region as both sources present similar seismic nature.** Mathematically I think this is problematic. Question: Is a distribution defined by summing 2 GR distributions with different 'b-values' still a GR distribution? I don’t think so. However, that seems to be an implicit assumption of your method (i.e. because the regional seismicity is the sum of 2 different GR distributions, fault and zone, each having different b values). This suggests an internal contradiction in the methods, which should be fixed.

Suggestion for a fix: Consider modifying your method so that b-fault is equal to b-region and b-zone. Then I think the issue would be avoided? Furthermore, from Table 4, that
would look to be an OK approximation, given the statistical uncertainties in Table 1 (???).

- P5, Section 2.4. I like this analysis overall. However, from Table 1 it seems like you are using a single b value in the simulations (?), in contrast to the above-mentioned 'distinct fault/region b values'. The testing here needs to be consistent with the methodology. So if you change the analysis as I suggested above then this section is probably fine – but otherwise, you should treat these 'distinct fault/region b values'

- P7, line 4: Need a reference for the shortening rate.

- P 7, line 14: Reference for the QAFI database?

- P 7, line 16: Not clear to me how you estimate M-max if there are multiple faults per region. Do you assume they all rupture at once?

- P 7, line 29: '.. lacks a COV estimate because the sample of records is not significant ..' – I think you need to re-word this. What do you mean by 'not significant'? It's unclear – the word 'significant' is suggestive of 'statistical significance', but that does not appear to be what you mean. I think you just mean 'there is very little data'. However, I don’t see why you can’t calculate a COV coefficient (albeit a very uncertain one).

- P 8, line 13: ‘This result is characteristic of this method ...’ – sounds like there must be other studies that show this, please add references.

- P8, line 20: "These results agree with real observations" – can you cite the study?

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# Technical corrections

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- P1, Line 6: 'estimated' should be 'estimates'

- P2, Line 18: suggest changing 'a part of' to 'some of'
- P2, Line 18: 'must be linked to faults' – is this always true? What about if there are not catalogue events on the faults? Suggest rewording.

- P 2, line 26: 'fixing a Mc value results certainly complicated' - This doesn't make sense, suggest rewording. I'm not 100% sure what you want to say – do you mean 'it is difficult to choose Mc non-arbitrarily'?

- P2, Line 28: ** The approach presented in this paper, as all probabilistic seismic hazard models, face the challenging question of estimating the expected ground motions with the basis of a short period of observations of earthquake occurrences and limited 30 geological data (with significant uncertainty) to construct recurrence models.** This needs to be re-worded to correct the grammar. One suggestion: ** The approach presented in this paper faces the challenging question of how to estimate the expected ground motion exceedance rate, using a short period of earthquake observations and limited geological data (with significant uncertainties). This challenge is faced by all probabilistic seismic hazard models. **

- P 3, L5: **The zone is defined as the source which seismic potential is residual, excluding the seismic potential of faults **. There are grammatical issues here, as stated it does not make sense. I think you mean 'The zone is the same as the region with fault seismicity removed'. However, you may choose to make different edits (considering also repetition in the subsequent sentence).

- P3, Line 10: This sentence needs rewording (grammar). What about: "The seismicity rate of the region is derived from the seismic catalog using events that are contained in the period for which ...."

- P 3, Line 11: You use 'CP' here, but on line 13 you use 'PC'. Please double check for consistency throughout the paper.

- P 3, Line 13: **The complete periods PC(m) (for different magnitude up to a maximum magnitude of completeness value, MMaxC.) are included in the observation period
(OP) of the catalog. ** Is it really correct to say they are 'included'. I suspect you mean to say they are 'inferred using' or are 'less than'?

- P 4, line 1: I suggest you replace the word 'cumulative' with 'total'.

- P 4, line 20: 'establish' instead of 'stablish'

- P 4, line 20 and below. You refer to $\dot{N}_{\text{min}}$ – should it have a subscript 'fault', considering later notation (Equation 8)?

- P5, line 9: 'An new' should be 'A new'

- P5, line 19: I think this should mention 'faults', e.g. 'by extrapolation of the faults recurrence model'

- P6, line 11: should say 'moment rates for different magnitude values, ...'

- P6, line 12: similar problem as above

- P 7, line 26: 'It is appreciated that ..' – this sounds strange – suggest you change to 'Note that ..'. Also, it's not clear to me why you say this at all, consider making the point clearer.